



141-160



### **NAME**

성남시 분당구 정자일로 240 월드프라자 402호 TEL. 0507-1342-1957





## 사용매뉴얼

- ◆ 표지에 이름을 적고 회차마다 문제를 푼 날짜를 꼭 적습니다.
- ◆ 1회분 5문제를 모두 푸는 시간은 실력에 맞춰 15~30분 정도로 정하면 됩니다.
- ◆ 채점은 다음과 같이 합니다.
  - · 각 문제 번호에 맞은 문제는 ○표, 틀린 문제는 ∨표를 합니다.
  - · 맞은 개수를 좌측 상단 표의 HITS 옆 칸에 적습니다.
  - · 틀린 문제는 맞을 때까지 최소 2회 더 풀어봅니다.
  - · 다시 풀어 맞은 문제에는 ○표를 추가합니다.
  - · 처음에 틀렸던 문제는 답지를 참고해 반드시 오답 노트를 합니다. 오답 노트는 문제 옆에 논리적으로 적습니다.
    - ⇒ 오답 노트를 하는 과정은 문제 푸는 논리를 내 것으로 만드는 과정입니다.
- ◆ 문제를 푸는 도중 모르는 단어가 나오더라도 바로 사전을 찾지 말고 위쪽에 표시만 하고 계속 읽어 나갑니다.
  - ⇒ 첫 번째 채점을 하고 난 다음 모르는 단어를 찾아 확인합니다. 새로 알게 된 단어들은 단어장을 만들어 정리해 둡니다.
- ◆ 답지의 해설을 보고도 이해가 되지 않는 경우, 담당 교사나 《인사이트온웹 수능영어카페 https:\\cafe.naver.com/insightonweb》에 문의해서 해결합니다.
- ◆ 교재 오류 관련(오탈자, 오답, 편집 오류, 문제 및 해설 오류 등) 신고도 《인사이트온웹 수능영어카페 https:\\cafe.naver.com/insightonweb》에서 가능합니다.



## 인사이트의 수능 대비 프로그램

### ■ COMBO Jr Series 콤보 주니어 시리즈

중등부용 수능 대비 교재

회차 번호	난도	회차당 문항수	총 문항수	기타
001-200	중/하	5	1000	·회차당 5문제로 구성되어 있습니다.
V01-V70	중/하	4	280	·회차당 4문제로 구성된 어휘 문제 모음입니다.

### ■ COMBO Series 콤보시리즈

회차당 6문제로 구성된 지속 학습용 수능 대비 교재

회차 번호	난도	회차당 문항수	총 문항수	기타
101-200	하	6	600	·101번에서 300번까지는 다음 단계에 대비할 수
201-300	중	6	600	있도록 서서히 난이도가 높아집니다.
301-700	상	6	2400	·300번 이후는 전체적인 난이도가 유지됩니다.

#### ■ CORE SET Series 코어셋시리즈

유형별 약점을 보완하기 위한 집중 학습용 수능 대비 교재

	두영달 학점을 보신이기 위한 집중 역급용 구승 내비 표제 						
구 분	권 번호	난 도	권당 문항수	총 문항수	기 타		
В	B1-B3	하	99	297	·빈칸 문제 모음입니다.		
_	B4-B6	중	99	297	·고3은 수준에 따라 B5부터 선택		
빈칸 추론	B7-B12	상	99	594	가능합니다.		
Bx	Bx1-Bx2	하	99	198	·B1-B12의 문제와 겹치는 문항이 일부		
빈칸 추론	Bx3-Bx4	중	99	198	있을 수 있습니다.		
(추가분)	Bx5-Bx6	상	99	198			
G	G1-G3	하	99	297	·고3은 수준에 따라 G4부터 선택		
1	G4-G6	중	99	297	가능합니다.		
어법	G7-G10	상	99	396	·내신 대비 문법 교재로도 좋습니다.		
V	V1-V2	하	99	198	·V1, V3, V5, V6, V7은 단어 선택형이고,		
•	V3-V4	중	99	198	V2, V4, V8은 단어 선택형과 틀린 단어		
어휘	V5-V8	상	99	396	찾기가 섞여 있습니다.		
Α	A1	하	66	66			
	A2	중	66	66			
순서 배열	A3-A5	상	99	297			
L	L1	하	66	66			
_	L2	중	66	66			
위치 찾기	L3-L5	상	99	297			
	T1	하	66	66	·T3는 선택지가 우리말로 되어		
T 주제 추론	T2	중	66	66	있습니다.		
	T3	중	66	66			
	T4-T5	상	99	198			
U	U1	하	66	66			
1	U2	중	66	66			
무관한 문장	U3-U5	상	99	297			
Н	H1	하	66	66			
	H2	중	66	66			
제목 추론	H3-H4	상	99	198			
LINA							
HM	НМ3-НМ4	상	60	120			
함축 의미 추론							
S	S1	하	60	60			
1	S2	중	60	60			
문단 요약	S3	상	100	100			
2Q	2Q1	하	100	100	·장문 독해 중 2문항 유형(41-42번)을		
   장문 <del>독</del> 해	2Q2	중	100	100	모아 놓았습니다.		
(2문제 유형)	2Q3	상	100	100			

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#### 1. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?1)

On December 1, 2014, I signed a contract to purchase new, wall-to-wall carpeting from you, to be installed at my apartment before Christmas. As you can see by the enclosed copy of the contract, I stated clearly that installation must be completed by December 24, 2014. The job was started on December 18, but it is still not complete. I called, wrote, and visited your showroom to inquire about the lack of progress—but could not receive satisfaction. Therefore, I believe that I can cancel the contract because you broke our agreement. Please contact at 503-274-3701 within 10 days from the date of this letter.

- ① 공사 기간의 연장을 요청하려고
- ② 계약의 성실한 이행을 촉구하려고
- ③ 질 낮은 자재 사용에 대해 항의하려고
- ④ 공사 자재 납품 기일의 연장을 부탁하려고
- ⑤ 공사 지연으로 인한 계약 취소를 요구하려고

## 2. 밑줄 친 부분이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?2)

Mr. Smith was a wealthy businessman, but he was not satisfied with his life. He did not sleep well, and this situation lasted for some time. Finally, after several sleepless nights, ①he decided to consult his doctor. The doctor advised a change of surroundings. "Go abroad," ②he said. "But I'm not good at foreign languages," said Mr. Smith. "It doesn't matter," said the doctor. "It won't hurt you to talk a little less. Go on a voyage. Take plenty of exercise." Mr. Smith went to Switzerland. ③He did not know French or German, and had to communicate through gestures. He attended a physical training course. The teacher made

<u>Mim</u> bend his knees and stretch his neck.
After some time his muscles grew hard and firm. He became content with his life. 

<u>Me</u>

even began to notice individual trees and birds.

- 3. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?③ Friends. Can you imagine what life would be like without them? Who would you hang out with during lunch? Who would you tell about the new boy in your history class? Let's face it. Without friends, the world would be a pretty lonely place. Although friends and friendship mean different things to different people, most people realize that friends are pretty important. While it's fun to read what other people have said about friendship, what matters most is what you think of when you hear the word "friend." \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ has a lot to do with what kind of friend you are. If, for instance, you believe that loyalty goes hand in hand with friendship, you are probably a loyal friend yourself. If you believe a friend is someone who'll go out of her way for you, maybe just to pick up a homework assignment you missed when you were sick, it's likely that you'd also go out of your way for your friends.
- 1) A shared experience with friends
- 2 Your personality that needs improvement
- 3 Your own personal definition of friendship
- 4) The way of talking and listening to others
- 5 The honesty between you and your friends

## 4. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱 말로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>4)</sup>

When someone won't look us in the eye when they talk, our trust in their credibility diminishes, even though they may be doing it because of shyness. We had a politician client who constantly flicked his eyes between the reporters and the cameras when he was being interviewed. This had the effect of making him look (A)[suspicious / truthful] on the screen and each time he appeared on television his popularity decreased. By training him simply to look at only the cameras, his credibility (B)[decreased/increased]. We trained another politician to address his answers mainly to the of the television camera when participated in a televised political debate. While this made the hundred studio audience members feel ignored, it impressed millions of television viewers who felt as if the politician was speaking (C)[directly/indirectly] to them.

\*flick 재빨리 움직이다

			"- "	
(A)	(B)		(C)	
① suspicious	decreased	ł	directly	
② suspicious	increased		directly	
3 suspicious	increased		indirectly	
4 truthful	decreased	ł	indirectly	
⑤ truthful	increased		directly	

#### 5. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

As the old saying goes, "You never get a second chance to make a first impression." In other words, the first impression you make on someone lasts long, so it's important to make it a good one. As a result, you want to come into a situation ready to make a good impression so you can start the relationship off on the right foot. The impression you make on others is like a gate that either opens or closes opportunities for you. If you make a good impression on someone, a gate of opportunity will open for you. If you make a bad impression on someone, a gate of opportunity may close for you. Remember, the first time you meet a person you have an opportunity that will never come again—the chance to make a good first impression.

- 1 benefits of good relationships
- 2 how to build strong relationships
- 3 the importance of first impressions
- 4) how to make good first impressions
- (5) making the most use of first impressions

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※ [1~3번] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A)

A young man went up to Alaska and worked with an old Indian trapper, learning how to lay traps, clean pelts, live in the bush, and take care of himself in the wilderness. He strived not to miss out on what the old Indian said. At the end of his apprenticeship, the old Indian gave (a) him some advice. He said, "Remember this. Whatever you do when you travel, always use two logs when crossing."

(B)

When the leaves began to turn, he began his long hike back to the small town where he would trade his furs for enough money to live on for the winter and outfit himself again for the spring. (b) He did everything exactly right, as he had been taught, until he came to the last, fast-running stream remaining between him and civilization. In his eagerness to get back to town, he tried to cross it on a single log that stretched from one bank to the other.

(C)

Alas! (c) He lost his footing and fell into the stream. He had to throw off his pack to avoid drowning. He lost everything. His whole year was wiped out. He arrived in town, wet, untidy, and exhausted. There he met the old Indian by chance. After looking at the young man and shaking his head, (d) he said, "You forgot to use two logs when crossing."

(D)

He was referring to the best method for crossing the many small rivers and streams that the young man would come upon between the small town where the Indian lived and the distant wilderness where (e) he would be trapping. The young man didn't fully understand what the old Indian said, but he

went off on his own and trapped throughout the summer, until he had all the furs that he could possibly carry.

> \*pelt 생가죽 \*\*apprenticeship 수습 기간

- 1. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>1)</sup>
- ① (B)-(D)-(C)
- ② (C)-(B)-(D)
- ③ (C)-(D)-(B)

- ④ (D)-(B)-(C)
- ⑤ (D)-(C)-(B)
- 2. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머 지 넷과 다른 것은?<sup>2)</sup>
- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)
- 3. 윗글의 a young man에 관한 내용으로 적절하지 않은 것은?<sup>3)</sup>
- ① 인디언 노인에게서 덫 놓는 법을 배웠다.
- ② 두 개의 통나무가 있는 냇물을 건너려고 했다.
- ③ 익사하지 않기 위해 짐을 버려야 했다.
- ④ 물에 젖고 기진맥진한 채로 마을에 도착했다.
- ⑤ 여름 내내 덫을 놓았다.



4. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?4) Sometimes people just don't know how to do not They know what the appropriate action should be, or what etiquette requires. When people do not know what to do, or when they do not have guidelines, prior experience, evidence, or research proof, they to learn what is appropriate. This type of influence is known as social proof. Social proof is used when people do not have access to evidence, statistics, facts, logic, insight, or other forms of logical proof. Clearly, this form of influence is used when a salesclerk informs customers that "This fashion is what is currently popular," "This is what everybody is buying this year," "This is the hottest fall color," and so on. The claim is that what is popular is good, and people should wear, listen to or buy what is popular.

- 1 read related books
- (2) take a small chance
- 3 think very carefully
- (4) use others' behavior
- (5) avoid what is in error

#### 5. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

A group of French police officers spend the day on in-line skates in the lovely streets of Paris. In their blue uniforms, they speed through Paris traffic on in-line skates. Sometimes, they run after thieves and try to catch up with them. Sometimes, they give out tickets for violations to drivers who are talking on their cell phones. It's a very good job. The cops skate only four hours a day, four days a week. For the rest of the time, they go to the gym because they have to stay in shape for the job. It can be dangerous—the streets are not always flat. No officer has seriously hurt themselves yet, but some have taken a bad fall. Young French women like the cops on wheels, and tourists love them, too. "I'm in thousands of Japanese photos!" says one cop.

- 1 Police Officers on In-Line Skates in Paris
- 2 A New Idea to Attract Foreign Tourists
- ③ In-Line Skate: Another Option for a Safe Hobby
- 4 Dangerous In-Line Skating on the Road
- (5) Qualifications of Police Officers in Paris

1. Family Week at GHOST RANCH에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?1)

## Family Week at GIOST RANGI

June 27 - July 2

Families come in all shapes and sizes and have a great time under the clear blue skies of Ghost Ranch. Enjoy music and arts & crafts with your family. If you wish, you can start on any day of the week.

- You can choose from the following classes for the day's activities:
  - Building a Birdhouse
  - · Painting with Natural Dyes
  - · Making Clay Pottery
  - Enjoying Outdoor Adventures
  - · Stone Carving with Hand Tools



- You can make lifelong memories with movie night, music concert, and fireworks.
- Registration fees begin at \$350 for a family of two.

www.ghostranch.org

- ① 어떤 유형의 가족이든 참여할 수 있다.
- ② 참가자는 행사 기간 중 원하는 날에 참여할 수 있다.
- ③ 참가자는 5개의 강좌 중 원하는 것을 고를 수 있다.
- ④ 영화, 음악 콘서트, 불꽃놀이를 경험할 수 있다.
- ⑤ 2인 가족의 등록비는 최대 350달러이다.
- 2. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?2) Every leader starts in his inner circle, the comfort zone. This is the place where we operate from what we are comfortable with, where we know well what we are capable of and can consistently achieve expected outcomes and results. The goal of the next zone is to push out beyond that area and begin to learn new things. This is known as the learning zone. In a new environment or

area, we have to adapt and learn to perform in new ways. Beyond the learning zone lies the courage zone. In this zone, we continue to learn, but the learning curve is steeper because we are challenged to accomplish greater and more difficult things that take a fair amount of courage to achieve. The outermost circle is known as the \_\_\_\_\_ zone—because once we have mastered the new learning and mustered the courage to experiment with all the new knowledge, we will really start to perform differently from before.

\*muster 발휘하다

- fairness
- 2 performance 3 diligence
- ④ morality
- (5) consistency

3. 밑줄 친 부분이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?<sup>3)</sup>

The nurse showed Lina an opening in the side of the incubator. Lina slipped her hand in and touched her daughter's hand. She lightly rubbed the baby's wrist and fingers. Then 1)she turned to the nurse as tears streamed down her cheeks. "When can I hold her?" asked Lina. "Probably later today. After the doctor checks her," said the nurse. "It is important that 2)you bond with her. The more you are around her, the better it will be for the baby." Lina wiped the tears from her cheeks with the back of 3her free hand. "You don't have to worry, my little darling," Lina whispered. "I'm going to be right here with (4)you. I can hardly wait to take you home." To (5)her surprise, the baby opened her eyes and grasped Lina's finger. A surge of joy shot through her.

## 4. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적 절한 것은?<sup>4)</sup>

"For Sale: Land on the Moon." Yes, that's right. For the bargain price of \$19.99, you can own an acre of land on the moon. All you have to do is to stop by the Lunar Embassy located on U.S. Highway 395 in Gainesville, Florida.

- (A) However, that hasn't stopped people from purchasing land on the moon. Perhaps they like the idea of one day living out in space. For now all they have is a certificate to prove they have bought land on the moon.
- (B) Of course, the fact that you buy land on the moon doesn't mean you can live there. The conditions aren't suitable for human life. It has no air and no water, and the temperature ranges from a very hot 225°F to a very cold -245°F.
- (C) Is this a joke? Believe it or not, the Lunar Embassy really exists, and the company has been in business for more than 20 years. They have sold plots to people around the world, and now there are about 2.5 million property owners in 80 countries, including Romania, Sweden, Canada, and the United States.
- ① (A)-(C)-(B)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)

- (4) (C)-(A)-(B)
- (5) (C)-(B)-(A)

5. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

Many hikers never realize poles can be very useful on the trail until they need to use them. The most obvious benefit they experience with an extra set of feet is the reduced impact of hiking on knee joints and leg muscles. A study published by Dr. G. Neureuther proved that using "ski poles" while walking reduces the pressure on the other leg by about 20%. While walking on level ground, poles reduce the body weight carried by the legs by about 5 kilograms every step. Move to an incline, and that reduction increases to 8 kilograms. This means tons of less weight for even a two-hour hike. So, with the basic "hands above the by the poles, heart" position necessitated circulation is improved and heart rate is reduced.

\*incline 경사, 비탈길

- 1 positive effects of hiking on stress
- 2 benefits of using poles while hiking
- 3 tips on how to walk without hiking poles
- (4) the relationship between walking and health
- (5) considerations for buying the proper hiking gear



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#### 1. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?1)

My name is Carla and I am currently in my second year, pursuing my MBA here at Big State College. I am writing this letter to explain myself for the books that I should be returning. The books that I have to return are computer graphics, management information systems and Java reference books. I will be out of town for a week, as my brother was in an accident last Saturday in Delhi. So I am unable to return my library books on time. He badly injured his back and is not able to walk without support. Hence, I must go there to take care of him. My presence there is very important to him mentally and physically. I sincerely apologize for the inconvenience caused and will make sure that this will not happen again.

- ① 도서관에 책을 기증하는 절차를 문의하려고
- ② 필요한 책이 도서관에 있는지 문의하려고
- ③ 도서 반납 기일을 지키지 못함을 사과하려고
- ④ 도서관에서 빌린 책을 분실한 것에 대해 사과하려고
- ⑤ 사고로 인해 결근한다는 것을 도서관에 알리려고

#### 2. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?2)

You buy some products because you have an immediate use for them. Students, for example, need books to complete assignments. You products purchase other for convenience. Cordless telephones and electric can openers are dispensable. However, they make life so much easier; therefore, you buy them. You also buy products because you believe they increase your wealth. Antiques or gold coins, instance, are considered good investments. In addition to increasing wealth, pride

ownership is another reason for making a purchase. Consumers buy items like expensive watches and designer clothes mainly because those items give them a sense of importance. Finally, you sometimes buy for safety. If you can afford them, you willingly buy insurance, smoke detectors, and burglar alarms, all because they make you feel securer.

\*dispensable 없어도 되는

- ① reasons why people buy things
- 2 goods and services for health care
- 3 consumers' effort to reduce spending
- (4) how products are distributed and sold
- 5 factors affecting the cost of a product

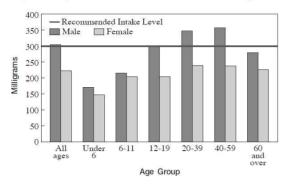
## 3. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱 말로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>3)</sup>

Information asymmetry applies to situations where one party in a business deal has information not possessed by the other. Health care characterized bv considerable information asymmetry, in that most (A)[doctors / patients] do not understand what is wrong with them, and what treatments might help. One might further argue that this information asymmetry violates the underlying principles of a free fair market economy. Those individuals (B)[providing / receiving] health care are not always in the best position to decide what services thev wish purchase. to information asymmetry (C)[increases / reduces] their ability to make truly informed decisions.

\*information asymmetry 정보의 비대칭성

	(A)	(B)	(C)
1	doctors	 providing	 increases
2	doctors	 providing	 reduces
3	patients	 providing	 increases
4	patients	 receiving	 reduces
(5)	patients	receiving	increases

# 4. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?4) Daily Dietary Cholesterol Intake for the U.S. Population



The shows daily above graph dietary cholesterol intake for the U.S. population. The daily recommendation for cholesterol intake is a limit of 300 mg. 1) On average, males consume a little more than 300 mg of dietary cholesterol per day, and females consume approximately 225 mg per day. 2) The male 20-39 age group consumes dietary cholesterol more than the daily recommended amount for cholesterol intake. 3 Daily dietary cholesterol intake increases steadily in proportion to age both for males and females. 4 Of all age groups, the male 40-59 age group consumes the greatest amount of dietary cholesterol per day. (5) The female 6-11 age group consumes about the same amount of dietary cholesterol per day as the female 12-19 age group.

5. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?5) Many philosophers regard play as the highest expression of human development. In his On the Aesthetic Education of Man, Friedrich Schiller observed that "Man plays only when he is in the fullest sense of the word a human being, and he is fully a human being only when he plays." That's because play in the cultural area is the supreme expression of . We play with one another out of love of human communication. It is the deepest act of participation between people and is made possible by collective trust—the feeling that each player can let down his defenses and abandon himself, for the moment, to the care of others so he can experience the high spirit that comes from sharing feelings.

- 1 human bonding
- 2 interest building
- 3 cultural diversity
- 4 defensive power
- 5 public safety

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※ [1~3번] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오. (A)

In a small town in the mid-west, there lived a little boy who had been crippled from birth. His father had died, and his mother earned barely enough for the two of them to live. Their family physician showed great concern and, at a medical convention, discussed the little boy's case with a close friend who was a famous surgeon. He was very interested. "If you will have the boy brought to my clinic," he said, "(a)! will perform surgery. I believe he can be helped."

(B)

When the day came for them to go home, the mother and son went to the doctor's office to say goodbye and to thank him again for all (b) he had done for them. The mother tried to express how she felt, but words seemed to be so inadequate, and then something very unexpected happened. With total abandon, the little boy held up the thing he treasured most. "I want to give you my teddy bear!"

(C)

When the little boy reached home, there was a large special delivery from the surgeon. Inside was the largest and most beautiful panda money could buy. Today, if you should visit the office of the great surgeon, you would see in (c) his waiting room a glass case containing a little brown teddy bear, soiled and worn, one eye out, a leg off, and an arm missing. Under the glass top is a card on which are printed these words: "The largest single fee (d)! ever received for professional service."

(D)

So on a certain day the little boy and his mother boarded a train to go east. With one

hand, the little boy held the hand of his mother. In the other, (e) he held close his dearest possession—a little brown teddy bear. It was quite worn, one eye was out, a leg was off, and an arm was missing, but he loved it dearly. The operation was performed and was successful. The little boy would run and play like other boys and girls.

- 1. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>1)</sup>
- ① (B)-(D)-(C) ② (C)-(B)-(D) ③ (C)-(D)-(B)
- (4) (D)-(B)-(C) (5) (D)-(C)-(B)
- 2. 윗글의 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상 이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?<sup>2)</sup>
- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)
- 3. 윗글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?3)
- ① 불구의 소년은 어머니와 둘이 살았다.
- ② 소년은 자신의 곰 인형을 의사에게 주었다.
- ③ 의사의 사무실에는 소년이 준 곰 인형이 전시되었다.
- ④ 소년의 어머니는 소년에게 판다를 사주었다.
- ⑤ 소년은 어머니와 함께 기차를 타고 동부로 갔다.





#### 4. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은4)

The sound of an egg-beater drew me to the kitchen. There I found Mom at work, and began to watch. This was my chance to find out what she put into the chocolate cake of hers that made it so good. She was baking chocolate cake. I reached for a small chunk that had fallen off the chocolate bar and put it on my tongue. It was bitter! I surveyed the other things on the table. There was a cupful of sour milk. Yuck! Surely Mom put that in the cake along with some of that awful baking soda she had given me the last time I had a stomachache. What kind of cake could she make out of such things? Mom said, "Just wait and see!" She served the cake that day after dinner. It looked as good as usual, but I was going to be careful. I tasted a little crumb, then a larger crumb, and finally a whole bite. It couldn't have been better. I forgot all about the sour milk and asked for another piece. Life is not all sweetness. There is much that is bitter, and we often cannot believe

- 1) hunger makes the bitter sweet
- ② life is so serious a thing as it is
- 3 anything good will come from it
- 4) all good things in life come too late
- (5) sweet is the word that gives us light

#### 5. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

A red sky at sunset tends to mean that there are clear skies to the west, where the sun sets. A red sky at sunrise tends to mean that the clear weather has already passed, so storms might be coming. Forecasting the weather has been practiced for thousands of years. Nature still provides clues to the weather. There are basic principles used two in weather forecasting: Weather generally moves from west to east, and low air pressure usually means rain or snow. So pay attention to the signs. Smell the flowers—they smell stronger in moist air. What are the ants doing? Are they moving to higher ground? This could mean a drop in air pressure. Are the birds flying low or high? Falling air pressure hurts birds' ears, so they fly

- ① It is very important to know the weather forecast.
- ② Weather can have a great effect on our daily lives.
- ③ We can learn many important lessons from people.
- 4 It is too difficult to forecast the weather accurately.
- (5) We can tell what the weather will be like by nature.

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※ [1~2번] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.
Look out! It's a dodder! A dodder is a plant that spends its whole life \_\_\_\_(A)\_\_\_ other plants. How does the dodder do this? First, you must understand how plants live. Plants have roots that grow into the ground. There they get water and minerals. Plants also have leaves which absorb, or soak up, sunlight. The leaves use the sunlight to make food inside the plant. Therefore, the two most important parts of a plant are its roots and leaves.

The dodder does not have roots and leaves. The dodder cannot make its own food, so it steals the food from other plants! How? A dodder seed falls to the ground. If there is enough warmth and rain, it sprouts. If not, the dodder seed \_\_\_\_(B)\_\_\_\_. It can do so for five years and still sprout! Finally, the dodder seed sprouts. It sends out a tiny, yellowish "thread." The thread finds another plant, such as a clover. The dodder winds itself around the stem of the clover. Around and around it winds, tighter and tighter. The dodder has found a victim!

Now the dodder plant sucks the juices from the clover plant. The clover plant has to make food for itself and for the dodder. This makes the clover plant weaker. Sometimes it gets so weak that it dies. Then the dodder must go off looking for some other plant to rob.

> \*dodder 〈식물〉 실새삼 \*\*wind (칭칭) 감다

- 1. 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?1)
- ① How to Grow a Clover Lawn
- ② Where Does the Dodder Live?
- 3 The Dodder Looks for a Victim
- 4 Best Ways to Get Rid of the Dodder
- (5) Is the Dodder the Most Intelligent Plant?
- 2. 윗글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절 한 것은?<sup>2)</sup>
  - (A) (B)
- ① imitating ..... dies
- 2 robbing ..... waits
- 3 helping ..... waits
- 4 robbing ..... dies
- 5 helping ..... moves
- 3. Harriet Martineau에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일 치하지 않는 것은?<sup>3)</sup>

Harriet Martineau was born in Norwich, England, a daughter of rich parents who provided her with a good education. She showed an interest in politics and economics since childhood, and after the death of her father in 1825, she made a living as a journalist. Her success as a writer enabled her to move to London, and in 1834-36 to travel around the U.S. On her return to England, she published a book about American society, where she expressed her opinions supporting the abolition of slavery and the liberation of women. Although deaf since her teenage years, Martineau continued working until the 1860s. She had by this time moved to the Lake District, where she died in 1876.

\*abolition 폐지

- ① 부유한 부모 밑에서 교육을 잘 받았다.
- ② 어려서부터 정치학과 경제학에 관심을 보였다.
- ③ 작가로서의 성공 덕분에 미국을 여행할 수 있었다.
- ④ 노예 제도 폐지와 여성 해방을 지지하는 책을 출간했다.
- ⑤ 노년에 청각을 잃어 모든 활동을 중단했다.

## 4. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱 말로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>4)</sup>

Many vets don't recommend a ferret as a pet for children under the age of ten. That's because young children are not always gentle with animals. Intentional mishandling is not usually the problem here—just the opposite, in fact. It's the (A)[excess/lack] of love that sometimes makes kids squeeze their pets and drag them around like stuffed toys. But ferrets of any age don't tolerate being hugged like toys no matter how much they are loved—they (B)[hate / enjoy] being squeezed or dragged. The child could be scratched and the ferret could be dropped and injured. So if there are young children in the house, it's probably best to (C)[hurry/postpone] your ferret purchase. This way there will be no chance of a child or a pet being hurt.

> \*ferret 흰담비 \*\*mishandling 학대, 취급 부주의

(A) (B) (C)

① excess ...... hate ...... hurry

2 excess ..... enjoy ..... postpone

3 excess ..... hate ..... postpone

4 lack ..... enjoy ..... hurry

⑤ lack ..... hate ..... hurry

## 5. 다음 글에 드러난 Rebecca의 심경 변화로 가 장 적절한 것은?5)

On her way home from work, Rebecca accidentally left her laptop computer on the subway. She only realized the mistake an hour later while eating dinner with her family. Rebecca hurried to the Lost & Found office in the subway station, filed a report, and returned home. Actually, she had given up hope of ever seeing her laptop again. At that moment she got a phone call from a stranger who had discovered her laptop computer on the subway and wanted to return it to her. After a thirty-minute cab ride to his neighborhood, she received her laptop back completely undamaged. She was really pleased to see it again.

- jealous → satisfied
- ② frustrated → delighted
- 3 terrified  $\rightarrow$  ashamed
- ④ confident → depressed
- ⑤ disappointed → embarrassed

DATE	20
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1. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?1)

In 1995, 48 percent of students walked or biked to school compared to 12 percent who were driven by a family member. By 2009, these numbers had reversed; 13 percent walked or biked while 45 percent were driven. In a safety-obsessed society, parents continue to drop off and pick up students into high school. This shift affects how teens get along with friends in school. For many teens, walking or biking to school together historically provided unstructured time with friends and peers. Even when teens went to school alone, they often arrived early enough to hang out near their lockers or the bike racks before school or stayed late enough to spend time with their friends before heading home. This is no longer the case in many schools.

- ① 십 대가 자전거 통학을 선호하는 이유
- ② 통학 시간을 이용한 십 대의 여가 활동
- ③ 도보 및 자전거 통학과 십 대의 건강과의 관계
- ④ 안전에 집착하는 사회를 바라보는 십 대의 시선
- ⑤ 통학 방식 변화가 십 대의 교우관계에 미친 영향
- 2. 밑줄 친 'he'가 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?<sup>2)</sup>

A supermarket customer asked a member of the staff where the eggs were. "I'll see," the employee replied and left him. After about ten minutes, when the employee hadn't returned, ①he asked another worker where the eggs were. "I'll see," he said and took off again. As it seemed that the customer was not getting any assistance, ②he went to the manager's office to complain. "Look! I've been asking your

staff where I can find some eggs, but they haven't told me anything." And ③he asked the manager in a rather angry voice, "Where can I find them?" It seemed that the manager knew what the customer's problem was, so ④he wrote down "Aisle C" on a piece of paper instead of saying "I'll see." The customer finally understood what "I'll see" meant, and ⑤he laughed out loud.

3. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?③ Education expert Manu Kapur came up with the idea that \_\_\_\_ can lead to better learning. In his experiment, he separated students into two groups. In the first group, students were asked to solve math problems with the teacher's help. In the second group, students were asked to solve the same problems by helping one another. With the teacher's help, students in the first group were able to find the correct answers. Students in the second group did not solve the problems correctly, but they did come up with a lot of good ideas after heated discussions. They also scored much higher on math tests than the first group. Trying hard to find the answers helped students understand the process, not just the solution.

- 1 imitating
- 2 struggling
- 3 motivating

- 4 competing
- (5) organizing

## 4. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적 절한 것은?<sup>4)</sup>

Through years of evolution, wolves have learned that it isn't safe to eat any part of the salmon except its brain. Apparently there is a parasite that lives in the guts of salmon that can kill a wolf, so they eat only the head and leave the rest of the salmon behind.

- (A) How does this work? The remains of the salmon add valuable nutrients to the forest floor and the streams. They provide food for plants and insects, which then provide the necessary habitat and food for the salmon when they emerge from their eggs.
- (B) As a result, when a wolf pack is done eating and moves on, it leaves behind hundreds of headless salmon scattered along the riverbanks. This helps ensure that the wolves can keep eating salmon for years to come.
- (C) The young salmon then head out to sea, and when they return to spawn, the wolves once again have something to eat.

\*guts (동물의) 내장

- (1) (A)-(C)-(B)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)

- (4) (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

5. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적 절한 것은?5)

Both the conscious and subconscious mind are two spheres of activity within one brain. Your conscious mind is the reasoning mind. It is the part of your brain that makes decisions for you. This means you make your decisions with your conscious mind. \_\_\_(A)\_\_\_, you decide how to spend your money, who you want as friends, what you want to study in college or university, and what job you want to have. Your conscious mind will make these decisions based on the conversation that you have had with yourself. (B) , without any conscious effort, your heart is kept functioning, and the functions of your digestive system, your blood circulation, and your breathing are kept going by your subconscious mind through processes independent of your conscious mind.

- (A) (B)
- ① However ..... That is
- ② However ..... As a result
- 3 For example ..... As a result
- (4) For example ..... On the other hand
- (5) In addition ...... On the other hand

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### 1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?1)

Every so often, a heartwarming news story tells of a shipwrecked sailor who was on the verge of drowning in a stormy sea. Suddenly, a dolphin popped up at his side and pushed the sailor safely to shore. It is tempting to conclude that dolphins must really like human beings, enough to save us from drowning. But wait—Are they actually intending to be helpful? To answer that question, we should know the opposite cases of shipwrecked sailors who have been pushed further out to sea by dolphins and never come back again. We don't know about those cases because the sailors don't live to tell us about their evil-dolphin experiences.

- 1 Dolphins: Protectors of the Sea
- 2 Sailing with the Help of Dolphins
- (3) Are Dolphins Really Our Friends?
- (4) Incredible Survival in the Stormy Sea
- Shipwrecks: Destroyers of the Marine Environment

## 2. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기 에 가장 적절한 곳은?2)

In contrast, physicians who used a patient-centered style took less controlling roles.

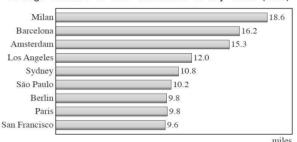
Diagnosing and treating health problems are difficult tasks, and different physicians do the tasks with their own styles of dealing with patients. ① A group of researchers identified different styles of interacting by analyzing about 2,500 tape-recorded medical consultations. ② According to the analysis, most of the styles were classified as doctor-centered. 3 The physicians with doctor-centered styles asked questions that required only answers. 4) These physicians tended to ignore attempts patients other by to discuss

problems. ⑤ They asked open-ended questions, avoided using technical terms, and allowed patients to participate in some of the decision making.

\*diagnose 진단하다 \*\*medical consultation 의료 상담

#### 3. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?3)

Average Distance of Bike Commuters in Key Cities (2016)



The above graph shows the average distance of bike commuters in nine key cities in 2016. 1) With an average commute of 18.6 miles, riders in Milan rode the longest of the nine key cities. 2) The average distance of bike commuters in Barcelona was six miles longer than that of bike commuters in Sao Paulo whose average commute was 10.2 3) The gap of the average distance of bike commuters between Amsterdam Angeles was 3.3 miles. (4) Bike commuters in Sydney rode 10.8 miles on average, and those in Berlin rode the same distance as those in Paris. (5) The bike average distance commuters in San Francisco was 9.6 miles, which was shorter than half that of bike commuters in Milan.



4. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?4) Advertisements are made to increase the sales of a given product. Most advertisements target an appropriate group by choosing a logo that appeals to that group. Language plays a very important part in the logo. For example, if I were to sell a product that was made mainly for women but used more male words to describe the product, it would not sell as well as a product that was described with female words. For example, a hand lotion made for women would not use words like "treats rough, hard, and dry skin," but it would use more flowery words such as "moisturizes and enriches dry skin." In this way, if , the product will not sell as well.

- ① even a good product goes out of fashion
- 2 a product uses worn-out advertising copy
- ③ customers don't like the design of a product
- 4 the wording doesn't target a select group of people
- ⑤ a company doesn't use an effective way of ordering

5. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계없는 문장은?5) As we all know, not all humans are equally intelligent and equally instinctive. Indeed, the stuff of intelligence widely varies not between ethnicities, races, and nationalities, but between individuals within and among all 1) Hence, we have humans who are ingenious, humans who are average, and some humans who are very deprived. ② Just as humans are not equally intelligent, they are also not equally instinctive. 3 Some people are driven more profoundly by their instincts than others are. (4) Instincts are not some weird mystical power that is only found in the animal kingdom. (5) In addition, each person is driven more strongly by one or a few specific instincts than others.

\*ingenious 영리한, 창의력이 풍부한

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1. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?1)

In 1967, a psychologist named Martin Seligman was researching clinical depression. In an experiment, Seligman placed dogs in three experimental groups. The dogs in the first group were given mild electric shocks, which they could turn off by pressing a panel. Dogs in the second group were given repeated electric shocks regardless of their actions. The third group of dogs received no electric shocks. All the dogs were later put in boxes where they were given electric shocks but from which they could easily escape by just jumping over a low fence. The dogs in the first group and the dogs in the third group quickly jumped over the fence and escaped. The dogs in the second group, who could not stop the electric shocks earlier, made no effort to escape. They simply lay down in the box while receiving the shocks.

The dogs that had felt \_\_\_(A)\_\_\_ in a situation seemed to \_\_\_(B)\_\_\_ the ability to find a simple solution in another similar situation.

(A) (B) (1) helpless ..... show

2 helpless ..... lose3 ashamed ..... show

4 ashamed ..... develop

⑤ relaxed ..... lose

2. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?2) Before the start of their kindergarten year, my children each received a hand-written note from the school principal. She introduced herself by listing her favorite things to eat

(pizza and popcorn) and by sharing her favorite summertime activities (going to the movies and to the beach). My husband and I also received a letter of introduction from her. However, in our letter. the principal described her professional experience and educational background along with her goals for the school and for the children in the upcoming year. My children and I immediately liked the principal because she shared things about herself that \_\_\_. She successfully created a strong first impression, which caused a positive reaction in us.

- 1 would be considered very noble and moral
- ② were not likely to happen to ordinary people
- 3 help people know more about kindergarten
- 4 she had never said to anyone out loud before
- ⑤ have something in common with our own interests

3. 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?3) I once worked with a cross-country runner named Lib, who was having trouble going up hills. She would lose speed. She fought the hills going up. She got to the point ①where she hated running up the hills. We worked on her self-talk, and then I had her 2)choose a key word. She chose "Surge!" When she hit the bottom of a hill, her key word 3 meaning to her that she would get more power and that she would "surge up the hill." She not only got more power; she actually began to run faster up the hill (4)than she ran on flat land! With practice, she began passing people going up the hills. Her entire attitude changed: she looked forward to running hills instead of dreading 5)them.

\*self-talk (치료 혹은 동기 부여의 이유로 하는) 자기와의 대화

## 4. 다음 글의 마지막에 드러난 'l'의 심경으로 가 장 적절한 것은?<sup>4)</sup>

I had moved to California three days before, so everything was new to me. One day, I decided to treat myself to dinner at a restaurant. A waitress arrived to take my order. I asked for steak and a baked potato. Then the waitress said, "Super salad?" I said, "Okay, that sounds good." Suddenly, her eyebrows went up. She asked again, "Super salad?" And again I answered, "Yes." Her face turned the color of a red leaf in fall. From her reaction, I knew that something was wrong. The waitress returned with the manager. He said, "Do you want soup or salad? You can't have both." I finally realized the stupid mistake I had been making. But the waitress's "Soup or salad?" sounded just like "Super salad?" to my ears. I clarified that I wanted a salad. I don't remember how the steak tasted that evening. I just kept going over my moment of confusion in my head.

- ① calm
- ② horrified
- 3 encouraged
- 4 disappointed 5 embarrassed

#### 5. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

Deciding on an appropriate gift for your hostess in another country can be tricky. In Europe, flowers are usually safe, except for roses which indicate a romantic interest and chrysanthemums which are used in funerals. Be sure to take an odd number of flowers in Austria. If you're in Poland, take unwrapped flowers, but in the Netherlands, be sure to gift wrap them. In Germany, you should take them wrapped and unwrap them as you present them. Yellow roses and yellow tulips should not be given as a gift in Mexico. Although the customs of flower-giving vary around the world, the real gift is always the same: the expression of thanks and goodwill.

\*chrysanthemum 국화

- ① 선물 유형의 다양성
- ② 나라마다 다른 꽃 선물 예절
- ③ 꽃 선물이 대중화된 이유
- ④ 적절한 선물을 고르는 요령
- ⑤ 민족성과 선호하는 꽃 색깔의 관계

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1. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱 말로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>(1)</sup>

An octopus (A)[scares / tricks] its enemies in different ways. An octopus can hide without going anywhere. It changes the way it looks so that it can't be seen. An octopus can look like a rock or like sand. It can turn red, orange, brown, black, white, or gray. When in danger, an octopus can shoot out a cloud of ink. The ink (B)[confuses / attracts] the animal that is attacking the octopus by acting smokescreen. To get away fast, the octopus takes in water. Then it forces the water out of an opening in its body. Away moves the octopus! An octopus can use rocks as an escape route, too. It pushes its soft body into the small spaces between rocks. There it can find a (C)[shelter/mate]. No shark, dolphin, or eel can follow it there.

\*octopus 문어

- (A) (B) (C)
  ① scares ...... confuses ...... shelter
  ② scares ...... attracts ...... mate
  ③ tricks ...... confuses ...... mate
  ④ tricks ...... confuses ...... shelter
  ⑤ tricks ...... attracts ...... mate
- 2. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계없는 문장은?2) Human beings have a profound need to feel they belong somewhere and to someone. ① Your son's first need will be to feel loved by the two people who made him, but as he grows up, the more friends, groups, and institutions he feels a bond with and can identify with, the deeper his sense of self will be. ② Fitting in somewhere says something about who he is and reassures him that there are others like him. ③ Belonging to a family, a

social or ethnic group, a club or school, or a place of worship, also means that he is wanted, accepted, and acceptable. (4) His busy lifestyles mean that it is getting more difficult to gain a sense of belonging and to connect with others. (5) It provides him with guidelines about who he is and how he should behave.

- 3. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?3) How do you improve your relationships with people around you? What helps your friends understand you better? One thing is to simply \_\_\_\_. The people in your life can't read your mind. You can't always expect them to know exactly what you want or need. You should respectfully express what you like and dislike, and kindly show them what helps you and what bothers you. When you want to discuss something with your friend, tell him in advance, "I don't want you to try to solve my problem. I just want you to hear me out, because that will help me to work it out." Doing this, your friend does his best to listen and understand you and you can appreciate each other.
- 1 listen to your friends
- 2) spend time with them
- 3 say you need a friend
- 4 communicate your needs
- (5) let them appreciate themselves



4. High School Art Contest에 관한 다음 안내문 의 내용과 일치하는 것은?<sup>4)</sup>

### **High School Art Contest**

Sponsored by the City Culture Center, we, Youth Art Foundation, invite high school students to participate in our High School Art Contest. The aim of the contest is to promote safe driving habits among teen drivers.

#### **Requirements:**

- \* Entries must relate to the theme "Teen Safe Driving."
- \* Drawings and paintings must be at least 11×14 inches.
- \* Sculptures can be any size.
- \* Photography can be submitted through our email below.
- \* Only high school students in Houston can participate in the contest.

### Deadline: May 17, 2017

Top 10 entries will be publicly displayed in a special area in the City Culture Center.

For more information, please contact below:

- \* Email: Idbonfirepassion@gmail.com
- \* Website: www.lenduongbonfire.org
- ① 성인들의 안전 운전 습관을 증진하기 위한 대회이다.
- ② 그림 출품작은 크기 제한이 없다.
- ③ 모든 작품은 사무실로 직접 제출해야 한다.
- ④ Houston의 모든 중·고등학생이 참가할 수 있다.
- ⑤ 상위 10편의 작품이 시 문화 센터의 특별 공간에 전시될 예정이다.

#### 5. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

When Chris Nelson, the president of King Bike, learned that some bicycle shops were offering five-year warranties on new bikes, he entered the competition by offering a lifetime service quarantee. He said, "I learned that for most people, five years is the life of the bike. If they've had it for longer, they're probably not riding it that much." He adds that everyone uses the free service the first year they have the bike, but only 20% to 30% come back the second year. That is, his lifetime free service is not a burden on him at all. Also, he would not charge customers for parts costing less than a dollar, unlike other shops. And when they buy a new bike, Nelson expects them to visit his shop.

- 1 Think Twice About Any Free Services
- ② Show Your Diligence, And Success Follows
- ③ Check Out When Customers Want New Bikes
- 4 Make Customers Feel They Are Treated Better
- (5) Know Better About Yourself Than Others

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※ [1~3번] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오. (A)

Adam opened his eyes suddenly and pulled the covers up to his chin. He stared around his room, searching the darkness for the thing that was making scary sounds. Then he ran out of his room and down the hall. His brother's door was wide open, and Adam jumped onto David's bed. "Adam?" David asked in a tired voice. "What are (a) you doing in here?" Adam pulled on David's arm. "There's something in my closet!" "(b) You probably had a bad dream. Go back to bed," David said.

(B)

David nodded. He walked over to Adam's bed and pulled the case off one of the pillows. He opened the pillowcase. "(c)You open the door very slowly, and I'll grab whatever it is." Adam slid the chair to the side and pulled the closet door open a little. Something banged against the door, trying to force it open. Adam took a deep breath and opened the door a few more inches. A small furry creature ran right into the pillowcase.

(C)

"I got it!" David said, closing the pillowcase and holding it in the air. "What is it?" Adam moved closer as David glanced inside. David put the pillowcase on the bed and an orange cat climbed out. Adam lifted the cat up. "Apricot! How did you get trapped in my closet?" David laughed, "The poor cat. If I was locked in your closet with your stinky shoes, I'd be banging on the door to get out, too!" "Poor Apricot," Adam said, "(d)**You** were probably more scared than I was."

(D)

Adam pulled the blankets off the bed. "It wasn't a dream. I was awake, and the closet

door started opening by itself!" David sighed. "Fine. But when we don't find anything, (e) you have to promise to leave me alone for the rest of the night." Adam nodded. David reached into his desk drawer and pulled out a flashlight. Then they headed to Adam's room. Adam stopped in the doorway. He could hear something scratching his closet door. "Do you hear that?" Adam asked.

- 1. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>1)</sup>
- ① (B)-(D)-(C) ② (C)-(B)-(D)
  - (C)-(B)-(D) (C)-(D)-(B)
- (4) (D)-(B)-(C) (5) (D)-(C)-(B)
- 2. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머 지 넷과 다른 것은?<sup>2)</sup>
- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)
- 3. 윗글의 Adam에 관한 내용으로 적절하지 않은 것은?<sup>3)</sup>
- ① 어둠 속에서 들리는 소리에 잠이 깨었다.
- ② David의 지시대로 벽장 문을 조금 열었다.
- ③ 벽장에서 나온 고양이를 즉시 문밖으로 내보냈다.
- ④ David를 졸라서 자신의 방으로 데려갔다.
- ⑤ David와 함께 문간에서 벽장 긁는 소리를 들었다.

4. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?4) There are many different things in life that we take for granted. Most of them actually started from someone's idea, but some of them are invented First, let's take the example of potato chips. One day a customer sent back his plate of potatoes many times and kept asking for them to be more fried and thinner. The chef lost his temper, sliced the potatoes extremely thin and fried them until they became hard as a rock. To his surprise, the customer loved them and wanted more. The second example is about the microwave oven invented by an engineer named Percy Spencer. He was conducting a project with a machine by himself. During his experiment, he realized the candy bar in his pocket was melting. So, he put popcorn in the machine and saw it pop. From that moment, it became revolutionary. In both examples, they didn't expect the objects to be inventions at all from the beginning. However, things in life often work out quite unexpectedly.

- ① with care
- 2 by chance
- ③ for sale
- (4) in vain
- ⑤ on time

5. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적 절한 것은?5)

For optimal muscle condition in your workout program, train your total body three times a week. In between workouts, allow forty-five hours of rest for muscles to recover. \_\_\_\_(A)\_\_\_\_, you could plan to weight train on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Seventy-five percent of your training benefits come from a minimum of two workouts per week. \_\_\_\_(B)\_\_\_\_, you should make an effort to train each of your major muscle groups two times a week to achieve and maintain physical improvements. If you want to get results more quickly, stick with a training schedule of three times per week.

- (A) (B)
- 1) For example ..... However
- 2) For example ..... Therefore
- 3 Nevertheless ..... Therefore
- (4) In contrast ..... However
- 5 In contrast ..... Furthermore

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1. 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?1) When you think of interesting animals, you probably don't picture the common cockroach. However, although this insect isn't very pretty, it is pretty \_\_\_\_\_. Cockroaches are good at getting around. They can squeeze into very tight spaces, which comes in handy when they want to go through cracks in walls. A baby cockroach can flatten itself as thin as a dime. They're fast-moving bugs, too. Traveling at three miles an hour, a cockroach can easily run the way of approaching feet. Cockroaches are also tough. They can survive a month without food and a week without water. They can even survive for weeks without a head! Next time you see a cockroach, show some respect for this common household pest. After all, the species has been around far longer than people—more than 280 million years. Now that's an old bug!

- ① useful
- ② amazing
- (3) harmful

- (4) common
- (5) complex

#### 2. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?2)

Forgetting is a part of remembering! We need to rethink how we're talking about forgetting and realize that under some conditions, it actually does play an important role in the memory. function of Forgetting necessarily a bad thing. Psychologists say efficient forgetting is necessary to the functioning of the mind, to learning, adapting, and recalling more important things. We focus so much on memory that forgetting has been blamed. However, if you didn't forget, you'd recall all kinds of unimportant information from your life that would drown you in a sea of inefficiency. Forgetting frees up brainpower for other important tasks of remembering. The mind is constantly evaluating, editing, and sorting information, all at lightning speed. So forgetting can be very useful.

- 1 the benefits of forgetting
- 2 the process of forgetting
- 3 the nature of human memory
- (4) the importance of memory power
- 5) how to improve memory power

## 3. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적 절한 것은?<sup>3)</sup>

Nature is timed to the alternating rhythm of light and dark produced by Earth's rotation.

- (A) The loss of rhythmic light and dark exposure will only worsen their condition. Simply moving the patient to a bed that is near a window and darkening the room at night can significantly improve mental state.
- (B) Birds sing, and blossoms open and close in tune with this twenty-four-hour cycle. Daylight also sets the pace for the activity of our mind. When deprived of regular intervals of dark and light, the mind can lose its bearings.
- (C) This is especially true with elderly people. For example, some older people whose brain function is fine at home can become confused when hospitalized where artificial light is always on.
- ① (A)-(B)-(C)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)

- (4) (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)





## 4. 다음 글에 드러난 Vaclav의 심경으로 가장 적 절한 것은?4)

The hall was filled with life. Vaclav's brother and his family had joined him for the winter feast. His two young children played near the warmth of the fire with their cousins while he and his wife Isabella sat gossiping with his older brother Felix and his wife Paulette. A feeling of joy filled his heart as he saw the gentle snow fall onto the moonlit forest out of the hall's windows. Nothing made him happier than to be surrounded by this family during ill weather. He enjoyed his family's company lounging in the soft and splendid furniture of the great hall.

- 1 bored and indifferent
- 2 delighted and contented
- (3) curious and excited
- 4 regretful and guilty
- (5) confused and frustrated

5. 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?5) Impressionist paintings are probably most popular; it is an easily understood art which does not ask the viewer 1to work hard to understand the imagery. Impressionism 'comfortable' to look at, with its summer scenes and bright colours 2) appealing to the eve. It is important to remember, however, that this new way of painting was challenging to its public not only in the way that it was made but also in 3that was shown. They had never seen 4 such 'informal' paintings before. The edge of the canvas cut off the scene in an arbitrary way, as if snapped with a camera. The subject matter included modernization of the railways landscape; and factories. Never before had these subjects been considered (5) appropriate for artists.

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※ [1~2번] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

The first thing that we say when we are told the earth moves is that we do not feel the earth moving, but the answer to that is easy. When you are in a train in a station, you sometimes cannot tell whether the train is moving or not, except, perhaps, by looking at another train standing at the other platform, and sometimes you think your train is moving, until you see that the platform is quite still. It was the moving of the other train that made you think your train was moving. So it proves nothing to say that we do not feel the earth moving with us.

If you are traveling in a train, or on a boat, or in a balloon, or on this great earth of ours, you have only two ways of judging whether you are moving or not. One is by feeling the movement under you, and the other by noticing that things outside seem to be moving past you. Now, certainly we cannot feel the earth move under us, but this is simply because the movement is so When you are inside a very big boat, you cannot tell whether the boat is moving. If you shut your eyes in a balloon on a calm day you cannot tell that it is moving. When we feel that a car is moving under us, that is only because its movement is jerky. Every time the car moves a little more slowly, our bodies go on moving forward at the old rate, and then are slowed up with a jerk; then, when the car goes on a little faster, our bodies are left behind a little, and then are jerked forward. So we know that the car is taking us where we want to go. The more smoothly the car travels, the less can we feel its movement.

- 1. 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?1)
- 1 How Fast Does the Earth Move?
- 2 Is the Earth Really Slowing Down?
- 3 Why Can't We Feel the Earth Moving?
- 4 How Do We Know the Earth Is Round?
- (5) What Does the Earth Look Like in Reality?
- 2. 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 말은?2)
- ① smooth
- ② exact
- 3 regular
- 4 powerful
- (5) familiar

3. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱 말로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>3)</sup>

In Ontario, there is an old-growth forest near Temagami. Some people want to cut down the trees for lumber. Others want to keep it as it is: they believe it is (A)[common/unique] and must be protected for coming generations. Many people are somewhere in the middle, wanting some use and some protection. Most people are in favor of using our resources wisely. They prefer practices that make our resources (B)[sustainable / unsustainable]. That is, we should use our resources wisely now and we will still have more for the future. We are responsible for looking after the environment. We can learn from First Nations' people who have long known the importance of (C)[changing / preserving] the environment for future generations. What you inherited and live with will become the inheritance of future generations.

\*First Nations' people 캐나다 원주민

- (A)
- (B)
- (C)
- 1 common ..... unsustainable ..... preserving
- 2 common ..... sustainable ..... changing
- 3 unique ..... unsustainable ..... preserving
- 4 unique ..... unsustainable ..... changing
- (5) unique ..... sustainable ..... preserving

#### 4. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?4)

Dear Carol,

It has given me a great deal of happiness all these years to live so close to our mother. I have been fortunate to be able to spend so much time with her and I would not trade that for anything. But I am writing you now to ask for your help. Mom's care and welfare require more than I can now give her. The time has come when the two of us must make some decisions about her future. We both love her very much and want her to be safe and happy. Let's talk soon about ways we can share the joy and the burden of helping her with the next phase of her life.

Love.

#### Marion

- ① 어머니에게 자주 편지를 쓰도록 당부하려고
- ② 어머니를 돌보는 간병인의 무책임함을 질책하려고
- ③ 나이 드신 어머니가 힘들어 하는 이유를 설명하려고
- ④ 어머니를 보살피는 문제에 대해 의논할 것을 제안하려고
- ⑤ 결정된 어머니의 노년 생활 대비책에 대해 이의를 제기하려고

5. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

Everybody but John had signed up for a new company pension plan that required a small employee contribution. The company paid all the rest.

- (A) Finally, the company president called John into her office. The president said, "John, here's a copy of the new pension plan and here's a pen. Sign the papers now, or you're fired."
- (B) John signed the papers immediately. The president asked, "Would you mind telling me why you didn't sign earlier?" John answered, "Nobody explained it to me so clearly before."
- (C) Unfortunately, 100 percent employee participation was needed, otherwise the plan was off. John's boss and his fellow workers pleaded with him again and again, but without success. John said that the plan would never pay off.
- ① (A)-(C)-(B)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)

- (4) (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

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1. 다음 글에 드러난 'I'의 심경으로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>1)</sup>

On a hot summer day, I decided to go to the forest for a walk. I walked around for a while. paying attention to where I was going so I wouldn't get lost. I noticed a marked trail and remembered that the trail started where I parked my car, so I started following it. Only after two hours did I realize I was walking in circles. The part of the trail that was supposed to take me back to the car was nowhere to be found! So I diverted from the marked path, in hopes of finding my way back. I found a cycling path and followed it to a parking lot. Sadly it was not my parking lot! A map at that parking lot showed me where all the other parking lots were, and I noticed I was a long way from all of them! On top of that, I couldn't figure out which one was 'my' parking lot.

- 1 guilty and sorry
- 2 proud and pleased
- 3 happy and satisfied
- (4) bored and indifferent
- (5) confused and frustrated

2. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?²) When we drive a car or scooter, we do not always drive at the same speed. We drive at high speeds on the highways and various moderate rates in the city. Similarly, a good reader is very much like a good driver. A good reader may be able to read a thousand words per minute (WPM), but he will not use that speed on everything he reads. A good researcher may obtain a rate of 1,000 WPM as he searches for relevant research material from different sources, but once he finds something

usable, he may need to slow down to a 100 WPM. Similarly, a good reader may read his social science textbook at rates between 500 and 600 WPM, but it may take him 150 WPM to read his science or mathematics textbook. Just as a driver or researcher has \_\_\_\_\_\_, so does a good reader.

- ① a lot of colleagues
- 2 a wide range of speeds
- (3) an objective perspective
- 4 a strong desire for exploration
- ⑤ mental maps in his or her head

#### 3. 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?3)

When in a negotiation, one party with more power is able to push its point of view (1) confidently. But it is this confidence that can enable the weaker party to build new perceptions of its own power. One tactic is 2)that the weaker party behaves with a greater degree of confidence than should be expected from its weak position. The confidence and pride ③demonstrated by the weak party can often result in an outstanding improvement in its attitude. Another tactic is for the weak party to be thoroughly informed with facts and opinions so as to counter the key points (4)that will inevitably be raised by the stronger party in the negotiation. The power that is built by the weak party through this showing of knowledge and information 5are another way to counter the strength of the other party.

4. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기 에 가장 적절한 곳은?<sup>4)</sup>

Insects, however, have very effective immune systems for fighting illness.

Do insects get sick like humans do? In recent years, scientists have studied immunity in insects. ① Bacteria and viruses can be problems for insects. ② Some insects also face threats from parasites and other enemies. ③ When bacteria enter through a wound, the insect's blood cells quickly surround and digest the invading bacteria. ④ At the same time, many insects produce large quantities of antibacterial proteins in their body. ⑤ This immune response of insects is very similar to that of mammals.

\*parasite 기생동물, 기생충

5. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

When we sleep too little, we produce more cortisol, the stress hormone in the body. Cortisol, in turn, causes the release of insulin and higher insulin levels are associated with increased weight because insulin is a hormone that promotes fat storage. Another factor associated with sleep restriction that might lead to increase in weight is increased hunger. It seems as if the body responds to sleep restriction by craving more fuel. With sleep restriction, even when the level of activity and the amount of calories are constant, the body says, "I need more food." This may lead to overeating and potentially to obesity in the long term.

	<b>+</b>
Lack of	(A) may lead to(B)
(A)	(B)
① sleep	weight loss
② sleep	weight gain
3 activity	sleep restriction
4 insulin	weight gain
⑤ insulin	sleep restriction

1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?1) Mention the word "criticism," and we all imagine something negative and painful. The pain that criticism causes comes from wounded pride. No matter what it is, there is the hidden sense that "I'm no good." However, criticism doesn't mean you're no good. It means, "You're good, but I believe you can be even better." For example, think of what an Olympic athlete willingly endures from his or her coaches! One of the reasons we have difficulty accepting criticism is because it comes at times when we're not emotionally prepared. It makes us offensive and upset. On the other hand, when you invite criticism, you're in a position to deal with it calmly. Criticism is like a needle. It may sting, but the pain passes—and the

- 1) Be Careful with Criticism
- ② More Praise, Less Criticism
- 3 Accept Criticism in a Good Way

results will benefit you for a lifetime.

- (4) Less Harmful Ways to Criticize Others
- 5 Forget about Criticism and Move on

2. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?2) As social animals, we are sensitive to status. An expert, in the appropriate circumstances, has considerable status. An Australian experiment produced odd results, thanks the to well-documented connection between status and perceived \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_. In a series of university classrooms, a man was introduced to the students as a visitor from Cambridge University. In some classes, the man was said to be a student at Cambridge. In others, he was a lecturer, or a senior lecturer, or a professor. Afterwards, students were asked to estimate the visitor's height: With each step up the ladder of status, the man grew by half an inch.

\*well-documented 기록으로 충분히 입증된

- ① size
- ② age
- 3 duty

- (4) stress
- ⑤ creativity

3. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱 말로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>3)</sup>

Persuading people to believe in your idea is a critical leadership skill. But too many managers don't know how. Here are three things to try next time you need to secure a deal. First, don't take a (A)[strong/weak] position from the start. It can give opponents something to fight. It's better to present your position with care, so you can adjust it if needed. Next, don't (B)[resist / consider] accepting others' opinions. People want to see that you are flexible enough to respond to their concerns. Last, don't assume it's just a one time deal. Persuasion is a process. You'll (C)[rarely/ certainly] arrive at a solution on the first try. Listen to the opponents, test your position, and then continually refine it.

- (A) (B) (C)
- ① strong ..... resist ..... rarely
- 2 strong ..... consider ..... rarely
- 3 strong ..... consider ..... certainly
- 4 weak ..... resist ..... certainly
- (5) weak ..... consider ..... rarely

4. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적 절한 것은?4)

We have evolved the capacity to care for other people, animals and things. (A) , if children are hurt, parents often know that rationalizing with them is not enough. The children will often need a cuddle and a bit of tender loving care. We recognize that other people often need looking after and caring for, and we have evolved the capacity to do this within our brains. We can empathize with others and feel sad for them and often want to help them. \_\_\_(B)\_\_\_, in depression, we often lose this inner capability. We often fail to look after or nurture ourselves, and we may not even recognize that we need to become more inwardly caring. To heal often means we have to learn to reactivate the caring-healing part of ourselves that depression has knocked out.

(A) (B)

- 1) For example ..... However
- ② For example ..... Moreover
- ③ That is ..... Therefore
- 4 That is ..... Moreover
- ⑤ In addition ..... However

5. The Summer Book에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?5)

The Summer Book is one of the ten novels Tove Jansson wrote for adults and is regarded as a modern classic in Scandinavia, where it has never been out of print. Based loosely on the author's own experiences, The Summer Book spans a season during which an elderly painter and her six-year-old granddaughter, Sophia, idle away the long days together on a tiny island in the Gulf of Finland. The color and depth of the characterization moves the narrative forward, despite the fact that very little action actually happens. Descriptions, such as that of the texture of moss that has been trodden on three times, are written in minute detail and through these detailed descriptions the reader comes to understand the special relationship between the grandmother and granddaughter.

- ① Tove Jansson이 어린이들을 위해 쓴 소설이다.
- ② 스칸디나비아의 전설을 바탕으로 하여 쓰였다.
- ③ 할머니와 손녀가 작은 섬에서 보낸 1년을 다루고 있다.
- ④ 극적인 사건들이 연달아 일어나면서 이야기가 진행된다.
- ⑤ 상세한 묘사를 통해서 할머니와 손녀의 특별한 관계를 보여 준다.

1. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?1) In perceiving changes, we tend to regard the most recent (1)ones as the most revolutionary. This is often inconsistent with the facts. Recent progress in telecommunications technologies is not more revolutionary than 2) what happened in the late nineteenth century in relative terms. of the Moreover, in terms consequent economic and social changes, the Internet revolution has not been as 3important as the machine and other washing household appliances. These things, by vastly reducing the amount of work needed for household chores, 4) allowing women to enter the labor market and virtually got rid of professions domestic service. We should not "put the telescope backward"when we look into the past and underestimate the old and overestimate the new. This leads us 5)to make all sorts of wrong decisions about national economic policy, corporate policies, and our own careers.

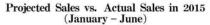
#### 2. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?2)

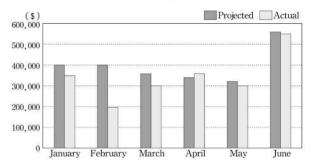
In my organization I don't have employees; I have teammates. Yes, I do pay them. But they don't work for me. They work with me. We work together. Without them, I cannot succeed. Without me, they cannot succeed. We're a team. We reach our goals together. We need each other. If we didn't, then one of us is in the wrong place. One is too small a number to achieve greatness. No accomplishment of real value has ever been achieved by a human being working alone. A Chinese proverb says, "Behind an able man there are always other able men." The truth is that teamwork is at the heart of great achievement. That's why I say that one is too small a number to achieve

greatness. You cannot do anything of real value alone.

- 1) the necessity of sharing
- 2) the value of setting a goal
- 3 the importance of teamwork
- (4) the real meaning of success
- (5) the role of value in man's life

## 3. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?3)





The above graph shows the projected sales and actual sales at Calico Company from January to June in 2015. 1 During the given period, the projected sales of Calico Company exceeded actual sales, except in April. ② The projected sales were lowest in May and the actual sales were lowest in February, but both of them were highest in June. 3 The projected sales in January were the same as in February, both \$400,000. 4 The difference between the projected and actual sales was largest in February, the projected sales being about twice as much as the actual sales, and the smallest difference between them was shown in June. (5) Interestingly, the projected sales decreased steadily from February to May, but the actual sales continued to increase during the same period.

> \*projected 예상되는 \*\*판매실적

## 4. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기 에 가장 적절한 곳은?<sup>4)</sup>

But, if instead of adding sauce, the cooked spaghetti is left in the strainer and left to dry a little, the strings will stick to each other, probably at many different places along their length.

A typical string of spaghetti is linear. ① If each string is covered in a sauce with lots of olive oil, it can slide over others. ② If you try to pick up the spaghetti with your fingers, you will only get the few strings you actually hold and the rest will slip back onto the plate. ③ As a whole, the lump of spaghetti doesn't have much strength: It can't even keep itself together! ④ This time, if you pick up the spaghetti with your fingers, you will almost get all of it in a big chunk. ⑤ This lump of spaghetti, although unappetizing, has a lot of strength and can't be pulled apart easily.

\*strainer 여과기, 거르개

5. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?5) study guides advocate filling out Some elaborate calendars so you will know what you are supposed to be doing during every minute, hour, and day throughout the entire semester. They would have you allocate the time periods to study each subject, to eat meals, to engage in athletic events, to socialize with friends, and so forth. I feel that this approach is a serious mistake. Not only will students be unwilling to follow such schedules, it is undesirable for humans to attempt such strict arrangements. Following such a schedule would lead you to feel that your whole life is predetermined and you would quickly become bored with your studies. As Frederick Nietzsche, the German philosopher, inquired, "Is not life a hundred times too short for us to bore ourselves?" Use calendars for their intended purpose to record significant dates. Write down the dates of important events, such as exams and deadlines for term papers, so you will know how much time you have to prepare for them. Don't

> \*advocate 옹호하다 \*\*elaborate 상세한

- 1 violate social contracts
- 2 let calendars regulate your life
- (3) arrange your schedule to fit others'
- 4) make frequent changes in decision-making
- ⑤ underestimate the value of time management

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※ [1~2번] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

There was a hunter who had a special breed of "bird dog." The dog was the only one of its kind, as it could walk on water. One day he invited a friend to go hunting with him so that he could show off his prized possession. After some time, they shot a few ducks, which fell into the water. The man ordered his dog to fetch the birds. The dog ran on water to fetch them. The man expected \_\_\_\_\_ from his friend, but he did not get one. Being curious, he asked his friend if he had noticed anything unusual about the dog. The friend replied, "Yes, I did see something unusual about your dog. Your dog can't swim!"

Every day we have to face, work with, or even live with people who display more negative tendencies than positive ones. They are always complaining, criticizing, and talking about all the negatives in life. They are world champions in spreading fear, broadcasting gossip, or chasing people away; they choose to look at the holes in the middle rather than the whole doughnut. They are the people who won't pull you out of your present situation but rather push you down. So be aware of them, spend less time with them, and do not let them steal your dreams away from you.

\*breed 품종 \*\*fetch 가서 가져오다

- 1. 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?1)
- (1) Never Show Off Your Possession
- 2 Explore Your Talent and Develop It
- 3 Keep Negative People Away from You
- 4 Face Your Present Situation, Not Avoid It
- ⑤ Every Man Has Something to Be Proud Of
- 2. 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 말은?2)
- ① advice
- ② praise
- ③ trust

- (4) sympathy
- (5) hospitality
- 3. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>3)</sup>

Think of someone whom you like talking to. What do they do to make the conversation enjoyable?

- (A) Contrast this picture with someone whom you dislike talking to. What do they do to make it unpleasant?
- (B) Perhaps they seem to ignore you (the boss who shuffles his papers while insisting that he is listening), or perhaps they try to dominate proceedings.
- (C) They probably make you feel that they really are listening and interested in what you are saying. They do this by giving you encouragement, perhaps with gestures like smiling, nodding, etc.
- ① (A)-(C)-(B)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)

- (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

4. phyllium giganteum에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?<sup>4)</sup>

giganteum, which is called the Phyllium "walking leaf," disguises itself so that enemies often aren't able to distinguish this insect from real leaves. It can get up to 5 inches long and 3 inches wide. The males have rear wings extending to the end of the abdomen. The females don't have rear wings, and their front wings are narrower and shorter than the abdomen. They lay between 100 and 300 eggs which have very thick shells. They eat plants like oak, eucalyptus, raspberry, and rose. They live mainly in tropical areas of Asia. Since they have a very limited mobility, they only move the necessary distances to eat, remaining stable in very small areas and passing their lives almost motionless most of the time.

\*abdomen (곤충의) 복부

- ① 자신을 나뭇잎처럼 보이게 하여 적들을 속인다.
- ② 길이가 5인치, 너비가 3인치까지 자랄 수 있다.
- ③ 암컷은 뒷날개가 수컷보다 좁고 짧다.
- ④ 껍질이 두꺼운 알을 100개에서 300개 정도 낳는다.
- ⑤ 매우 좁은 영역 내에서 거의 움직이지 않고 살아간다.

#### 5. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

As a junior in high school, I'll never forget watching a high school basketball game with my friend Eric. I began making fun of one of the players who always sat on the bench. He was a nice guy and had always been good to me, but a lot of other people made fun of him so I thought I would too. It made Eric laugh. After I had spoken ill of this kid for several minutes, I happened to turn around and, to my horror, saw this kid's younger brother sitting right behind me. He had overheard everything. I'll never forget the look on his face. Quickly turning back around, I sat quietly for the rest of the game. I felt like a total idiot.

- 1 Always do first things first.
- ② Keep your promise all the time.
- 3 Be friendly to anyone you meet.
- 4) Don't talk behind someone's back.
- ⑤ Help your friend, and he will help you, too.

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※ [1~3번] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A)

At the age of fourteen, Steven Courage fell from the back of a wagon during a blizzard. It took so long to find him that he became severely frostbitten. His father took him to the hospital. The doctor told him that his son's body was permanently damaged. When Steven realized his situation, (a) he was very depressed and hopeless.

(B)

On one occasion, Steven spoke to a large group of soldiers who had severe injuries similar to his. Upon entering the hall, (b) he began to tell them to stop feeling sorry for themselves, which made the soldiers upset. In fact, they began to boo him. Firmly, Steven walked toward them and told them to get up, fire up, and again be productive.

(C)

In time, Steven got over his despair and he wanted to do something with his life. He went to the town mayor and asked for financial support for an education. It was never done at the time, but convinced by his courage and determination, (c) he promised to fulfill the request. Over the years Steven successfully overcame many obstacles in his life, becoming president of one of the largest banks in the country. Because of this, (d) he was often asked to give speeches.

(D)

This enraged the soldiers. They yelled louder at Steven and even began to throw things. To the soldiers' surprise, he sat down and started to take off his disability aids to show them his permanent injuries. The booing stopped and (e) he had their attention. Steven then spoke to them about his injuries and how he overcame

them. He emphasized taking personal responsibility for success through setting goals and being persistent; turning lemons into lemonade.

\*blizzard 눈보라 \*\*permanently 영구적으로 \*\*boo 야유하다

- 1. 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>1)</sup>
- ① (B)-(D)-(C) ② (C)-(B)-(D) ③ (C)-(D)-(B)
- (4) (D)-(B)-(C) (5) (D)-(C)-(B)
- 2. (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?<sup>2)</sup>
- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)
- 3. Steven Courage에 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?<sup>3)</sup>
- ① 눈보라가 칠 때 마차에서 떨어졌다.
- ② 중상을 입은 군인들에게 연설했다.
- ③ 시장에게 재정적 지원을 요청했다.
- ④ 큰 은행의 은행장이 되었다.
- ⑤ 일어선 채로 부상 부위를 보여주었다.

4. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 적절한 말은?4) According to Richard Thaler's theory, people value an object more if . In a classic study, people were asked to assess the value of coffee cups which had been gifted to them. Another group in the study was also asked to estimate the value of coffee cups, but these coffee cups were not owned by anyone. The subjects who owned their coffee cups consistently valued them higher than the other subjects, and in some cases they said that they would prefer to keep their coffee cups, even if they were offered money for them. However, it seems to apply specifically to objects. When people in a similar study were offered tokens which could be exchanged for coffee cups, the cognitive bias was not observed, suggesting that people formed an attachment to the specific object, not to an abstract concept.

- ① it is a special edition
- 2 the object is expensive
- 3 its brand name is popular
- 4 others consider the object valuable
- (5) their ownership is clearly established

5. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

As you sit reading this page, receptors for touch and pressure in the seat of your pants are sending nerve signals to your brain. Although these sensations have been present all along, you were probably not aware of them until just now. If you are listening to someone talk, another person nearby can talk backward and you will not notice it. However, no matter how interesting your companion may be, your attention will probably change if you hear your own name spoken somewhere in the room. Try this experiment. Can you hear noises in your environment? Probably some or all of those noises were there just a second ago. However, you didn't care about those noises. The same is true for other stimuli. Can you feel your clothes or wristwatch against your skin when you direct your attention to them? Probably, although you weren't aware of them a second ago.

\*receptor 감각 기관

		1					
We can	_(A)	stim	uli	from	the	exter	nal
environment	only v	when	we	are	([	3)	to
them.							
(A)		(B)					

- ① perceive ...... indifferent
- 2 perceive ...... attentive3 select ..... accustomed
- 4 ignore ...... accustomed
- ⑤ ignore ...... attentive

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1. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?1) In contrast to the twentieth century, when work and leisure were clearly separated, in the early twenty-first century, work. consumption, learning, and leisure are all closely connected. All of this has a major influence on our understanding of the museum experience, as museum-going becomes increasingly common leisure activity for individuals from all social classes. Museums are good places that meet many important needs—social interaction, learning, relaxation, discovering new things, and experiencing other cultures when traveling to other cities and countries. In order understand who does and does not visit museums and why, we need to museum-going as a way of \_

- destroying cultural heritage
- 2) extending educational goals
- 3) satisfying a variety of needs
- 4 showing off one's intelligence
- (5) evaluating the level of tourism
- 2. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기 에 가장 적절한 곳은?2)

But the referee allowed the throw-in to the opponent!

We had a soccer game plan, which included taking advantage of the opponent's tendency to relax a bit whenever the ball went out of bounds. 1) In the second half of a scoreless, hard-fought contest, the play was moving down the side directly in front of our bench. ② We all had a clear view of the opponent knocking the ball over the line. (3) Our bench and the crowd of supporters behind them began to protest the call. (4) I quickly reminded my players that their response was not helping, as

the opponent casually took the throw-in, but Brian, one of my heads-up forwards, made a tremendous recovery run, beat the score. ⑤ If Brian had gotten caught up in the spirit of protest, he would never have made that run.

3. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적 절한 것은?3)

Figure skating can be expensive. When Todd Eldridge, numerous times American men's skating champion, was 10 years old, he moved to Philadelphia to train under elite coach Richard Callaghan.

- (A) The town financially supported Todd for several years that way, finally ending its sponsorship in 1993 when Todd was able to earn money from his skating to cover his expenses.
- (B) Fortunately, Todd's hometown people did something to help him—a committee threw a party, put on dinner dances, and sent out pledge cards to raise money to pay for Todd's skating expenses.
- (C) For a while, the Eldridge family managed financially, but when Todd's skating expenses reached \$15,000 a year, they decided to have him come back to his hometown of Chatham, Massachusetts.
- ① (A)-(C)-(B)

(4) (C)-(A)-(B)

- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A) (5) (C)-(B)-(A)

## 4. 다음 글에 드러난 Sarah의 심경 변화로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>4)</sup>

That night, there was a terrible storm. The thunder was booming and Sarah was at her kitchen table, sweating. She was shaking, trying to write prayers. 'The publishers may be reading my manuscript. Oh, God, if they reject it, what should I do?' Thunk, thunk, thunk. Somebody was knocking on the front door. She tiptoed to the front. "Who... who is it?" "It's me." She opened the front door. There was Hilly, wet and shivering. "I would have called but the phone was out because of the storm. Sarah, they decided to publish your book. Five thousand copies first." Sarah covered her mouth. "There'll be some money coming. At least three thousand dollars. And who knows? Maybe there'll be more." Hilly gave her a big hug as Sarah had her hand on her heart.

- nervous → joyful
- ② horrified → sympathetic
- ③ thankful → disappointed
- ④ indifferent → curious
- ⑤ relaxed → desperate

## 5. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱 말로 가장 적절한 것은?<sup>5)</sup>

While your children are still young, you can control which children they play with by keeping them away from children whose habits you don't like. But as they get older, especially after they go to school, you cannot control things so well and they will (A)[rarely/surely] make a friend you don't find agreeable. The friend may have some habits you don't want your child exposed to. You can seldom break up the friendship by criticizing the other child or the bad habits. It may be those very habits that (B)[attracted/disappointed] your child in the first place. Such friendships may be a way for your children to learn how to deal with these bad habits in another person, or, perhaps, in themselves. If you can stay cool but still point out to your children that these are habits you don't want them to (C)[acquire/ break], the message will usually get through successfully.

	(A)	(B)	(C)
1	rarely	 attracted	 acquire
2	rarely	 $\ disappointed$	 acquire
3	surely	 attracted	 acquire
4	surely	 $\ disappointed$	 break
<b>(5)</b>	surely	 attracted	 break

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### 1. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?1)



The above graph shows the percentage of U.S. teens who liked shopping online or in stores in the spring of 2013, in the fall of 2013, and in the spring of 2014, by gender. 1) During all three seasons, shopping in stores was more popular than shopping online for both genders. 2) In the spring of 2014, the percentage of teens who liked shopping online increased for both genders, compared to those in the spring of 2013 and in the fall of 2013. 3 During the same periods, however, the percentage of teens who liked shopping in stores decreased for both genders. 4 In the fall of 2013, the percentage of female teens who preferred in-store shopping was less than twice that of male teens who preferred online shopping. For male teens, the percentage gap between teens who liked shopping online and teens who liked shopping in stores was the biggest in spring 2013, and was the smallest in spring 2014.

2. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?²) It's not unusual for us to postpone our pleasure and happiness, hoping for a better tomorrow. Do you place a burden on your happiness like, "I'll be happy when I lose 10 pounds," "I'll be happy when I get a new job

or new car," "I'll be happy when I find the love of my life."? Why put off your happiness until Friday night or Sunday morning, this summer, or next winter? The real fun in life lies in the present. If you find yourself saying, "I'll be happy when ...," don't wait for that day to come. It isn't coming! You can waste your whole life waiting for events to make you happy and you are still never happy. It's because it must come from within. Get rid of the thoughts like "I'll be happy when...."

- Share happiness to enjoy it
- 2) Find happiness in the here and now
- 3 Seek happiness in everything you learn
- 4 To be happy, make others happy
- ⑤ Be happy even in hard times

3. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계없는 문장은?3) In countries such as Sweden, the Netherlands, and Kazakhstan, the media are owned by the public but operated by the government. Under this system of ownership, revenue covering the operating costs of newspapers, television stations, and radio stations is generated through public taxes. (1) Because of this system of public financing, regulations and policies in many of these countries are designed to guarantee a diversity of sources of information. 2) For example, Swedish law requires that at least two newspapers be published in every town. 3 One newspaper is generally liberal, and the second is conservative. 4 Typically, the Swedish prefer watching television to reading newspapers. (5) In cases in which one of the papers is unprofitable, Swedish law requires that the town taxes and donations from the city go to support the struggling paper.

#### 4. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?4)

It is true that there is no set amount of sleep a person must have each night to remain sharp. Sleeping requirements vary among individuals in each age group. Some babies sleep up to 20 hours a day while others are happy with far less. An average adult works best with seven or eight hours. Although some can function with as little as four hours, others seem to need ten or more. Studies show that people can adapt to somewhat reduced sleeping schedules without noticeable adverse effects. But one thing is certain. If you don't get your quota, you become nervous and increasingly upset.

- (1) causes and remedies for sleeplessness
- 2) benefits of taking a nap during the day
- 3 effects of sleep deprivation on the body
- 4 tips on practical ways to have a sound sleep
- (5) individual differences in sleep requirements

## 5. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표 현으로 가장 적절한 것은?5)

We think blushing relates to embarrassment. But the broader reason is that people blush when they receive undesired social attention. In other words, it has (A)[much/very] more to do with being watched than with guilt. Anyone can go red in the spotlight, and the blushing is likely to show up more in people with lighter-colored skin. Mark Leary, a professor of psychology and neuroscience at Duke University who studies blushing, (B)[says/saying] that it's almost impossible to stop the red hue once it has started: you can't do it by force of will. There is a suggestion in his study (C)[which/whose] hints at trying to blush as hard as you can from the moment you notice it happening.

\*blushing 홍조, 얼굴 붉히기
\*\*neuroscience 신경과학

	(A)	(B)	(C)
1 1	much	 says	 which
② I	much	 saying	 whose
③ I	much	 says	 whose
<b>4</b> v	very	 says	 whose
(5) V	very	 saying	 which

